

FIG. 2

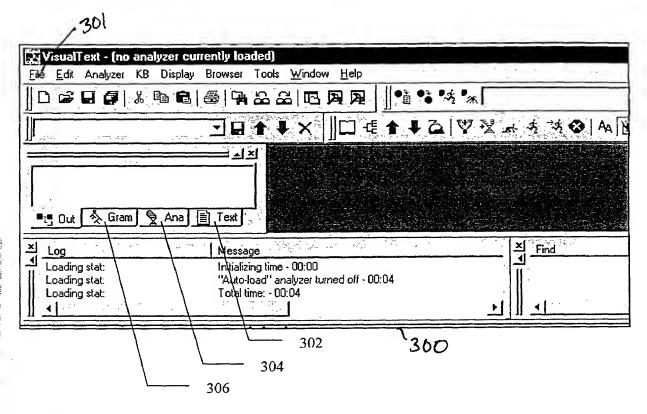
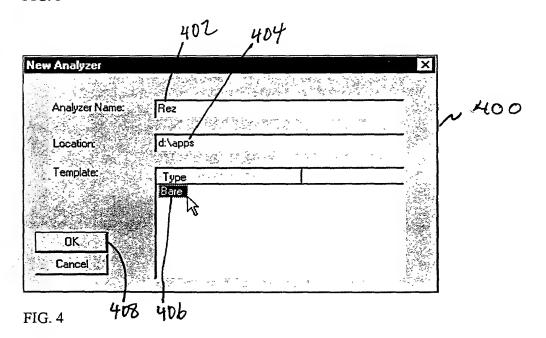
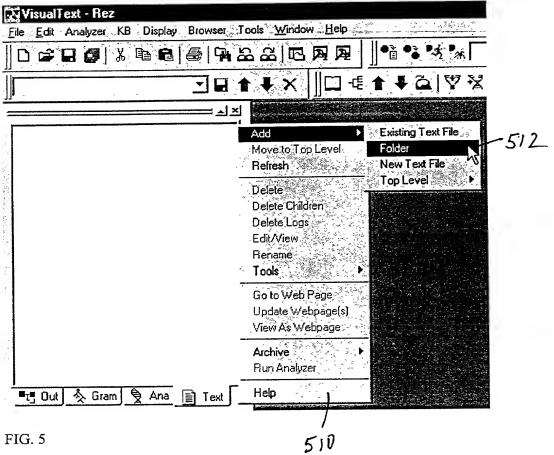


FIG. 3





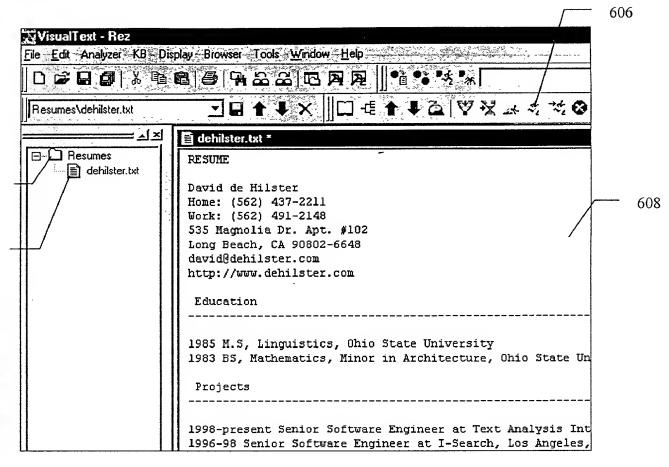


FIG. 6

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604

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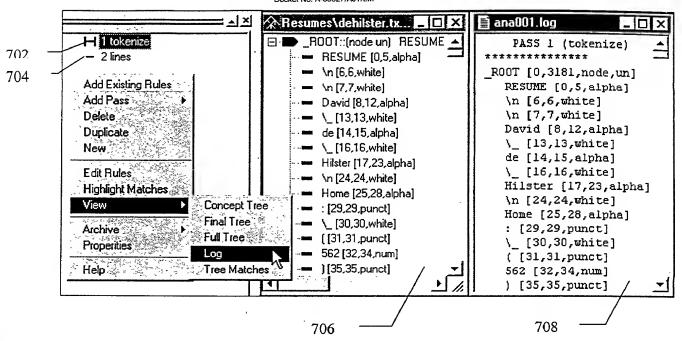


FIG. 7

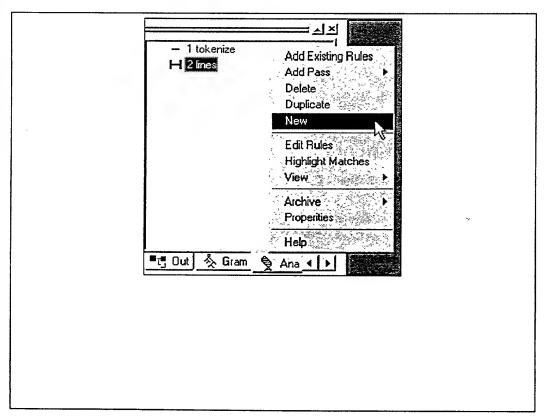


FIG. 8

## COMPUTER PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE, SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR BUILDING TEXT ANALYZERS MEYERS et al. Docket No. A-69927/AJT/LM

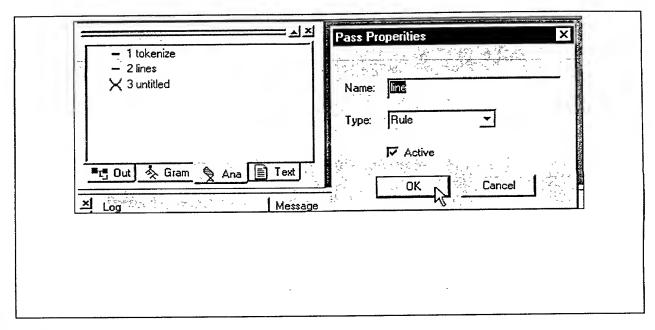


FIG. 9

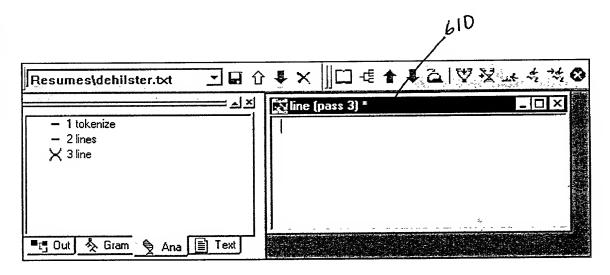


FIG. 10

100

```
# If last line of file has no newline.
_LINE [unsealed] <- _xVILD [plus fails=(\r \r)] \n @@
```

## FIG. 11

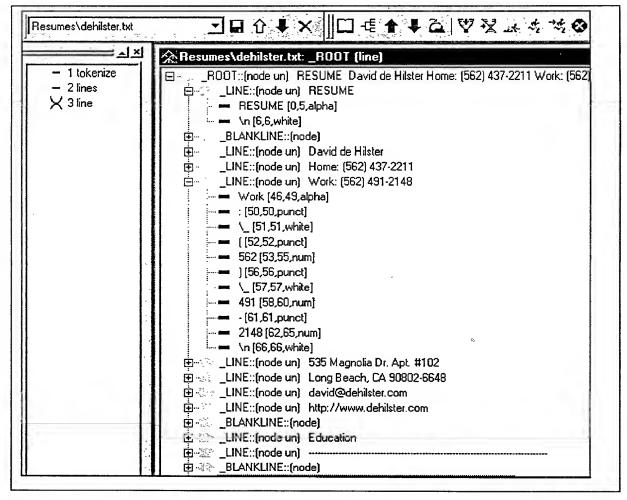


FIG. 12

## COMPUTER PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE, SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR BUILDING TEXT ANALYZERS MEYERS et al. Docket No. A-69927/AJT/LM

```
X line (pass 3)
                                                          _ _ X
@CODE
G("number of lines") = 0; # Initialize counter to zero.
@@CODE
@NODES ROOT
@RULES
_BLANKLINE <- xWILD [natches=(\ \r \t)] \n @@
  ++G("number of lines");
                            # Increment line count by one.
  single();
                            # Reduce matched nodes to _LINE.
@RULES
_LINE [unsealed] <- _xWILD [min=0 nax=0 fails=(\n)] \n @@
# If last line of file has no newline.
_LINE [unsealed] <- xWILD [plus fails=(\r \n)] @@
```

## FIG. 13

FIG. 14

```
@PATH _ROOT _educationZone _educationInstance _LINE

@POST
if (!X("city",3))
    X("city",3) = N("\( \) text");
# noop()
@RULES
_xNIL <- _city [s] @@
</pre>
```

FIG. 15

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